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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION, 2013

SECOND ENROLLMENT

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

House Bill No. 2431

(Delegate(s) R. Phillips, Cowles, Hunt, Marcum, Moye, Pethtel and Stowers)

Amended and again passed, as a result of the objections of the Governor,

April 17, 2013

In effect ninety days from passage.

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FOR

H.B. 2431

(BY DELEGATE(S) R. PHILLIPS, COWLES, HUNT, MARCUM, MOYE, PETHTEL AND STOWERS)

[Amended and again passed, as a result of the objections of the Governor, April 17, 2013; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §61-7-4 and §61-7-7 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to the process for obtaining a state license to carry a concealed deadly weapon; conforming state licensure law to meet federal "Brady Exemption" requirements; clarifying certain restrictions and prohibitions; clarifying effect of expungement, pardons or reversal of prior offenses on permit applications; clarifying training and certification requirements; and clarifying background check requirements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §61-7-4 and §61-7-7 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

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ARTICLE 7. DANGEROUS WEAPONS.

§61-7-4. License to carry deadly weapons; how obtained.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (h) of this section, any person desiring to obtain a state license to carry a concealed 3 deadly weapon shall apply to the sheriff of his or her county for 4 the license, and shall pay to the sheriff, at the time of 5 application, a fee of \$75, of which \$15 of that amount shall be deposited in the Courthouse Facilities Improvement Fund 6 7 created by section six, article twenty-six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Concealed weapons permits may only be issued for pistols or revolvers. Each applicant shall file with the sheriff a 10 complete application, as prepared by the Superintendent of the 11 West Virginia State Police, in writing, duly verified, which sets 12 forth only the following licensing requirements:
- 13 (1) The applicant's full name, date of birth, Social Security 14 number, a description of the applicant's physical features, the 15 applicant's place of birth, the applicant's country of citizenship 16 and, if the applicant is not a United States citizen, any alien or 17 admission number issued by the United States Bureau of 18 Immigration and Customs enforcement, and any basis, if 19 applicable, for an exception to the prohibitions of 18 U.S.C. 20 $\S922(g)(5)(B);$
- 21 (2) That, on the date the application is made, the applicant is 22 a bona fide resident of this state and of the county in which the 23 application is made and has a valid driver's license or other 24 state-issued photo identification showing the residence;
- 25 (3) That the applicant is twenty-one years of age or older:
 26 Provided, That any individual who is less than twenty-one years
 27 of age and possesses a properly issued concealed weapons
 28 license as of the effective date of this article shall be licensed to
 29 maintain his or her concealed weapons license notwithstanding
 30 the provisions of this section requiring new applicants to be at

- 31 least twenty-one years of age: Provided, however, That upon a
- 32 showing of any applicant who is eighteen years of age or older
- 33 that he or she is required to carry a concealed weapon as a
- 34 condition for employment, and presents satisfactory proof to the
- 35 sheriff thereof, then he or she shall be issued a license upon
- 36 meeting all other conditions of this section. Upon discontinuance
- 37 of employment that requires the concealed weapons license, if
- 38 the individual issued the license is not yet twenty-one years of
- 39 age, then the individual issued the license is no longer eligible
- 40 and must return his or her license to the issuing sheriff;
- 41 (4) That the applicant is not addicted to alcohol, a controlled 42 substance or a drug and is not an unlawful user thereof as 43 evidenced by either of the following within the three years
- 44 immediately prior to the application:
- (A) Residential or court-ordered treatment for alcoholism or
 alcohol detoxification or drug treatment; or
- 47 (B) Two or more convictions for driving while under the 48 influence or driving while impaired;
- 49 (5) That the applicant has not been convicted of a felony
- 50 unless the conviction has been expunged or set aside or the
- 51 applicant's civil rights have been restored or the applicant has
- 52 been unconditionally pardoned for the offense;
- 53 (6) That the applicant has not been convicted of a
- 54 misdemeanor crime of violence other than an offense set forth in
- 55 subsection (7) of this section in the five years immediately
- 56 preceding the application.
- 57 (7) That the applicant has not been convicted of a
- 58 misdemeanor crime of domestic violence as defined in 18 U. S.
- 59 C. §921(a)(33), or a misdemeanor offense of assault or battery
- 60 either under the provisions of section twenty-eight, article two of
- 61 this chapter or the provisions of subsection (b) or (c), section

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- nine, article two of this chapter in which the victim was a current or former spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner, person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a member of the defendant's household at the time of the offense, or a misdemeanor offense with similar essential elements in a jurisdiction other than this state;
- 69 (8) That the applicant is not under indictment for a felony 70 offense or is not currently serving a sentence of confinement, 71 parole, probation or other court-ordered supervision imposed by 72 a court of any jurisdiction or is the subject of an emergency or 73 temporary domestic violence protective order or is the subject of 74 a final domestic violence protective order entered by a court of 75 any jurisdiction;
 - (9) That the applicant has not been adjudicated to be mentally incompetent or involuntarily committed to a mental institution. If the applicant has been adjudicated mentally incompetent or involuntarily committed the applicant must provide a court order reflecting that the applicant is no longer under such disability and the applicant's right to possess or receive a firearm has been restored.
 - (10) That the applicant has qualified under the minimum requirements set forth in subsection (d) of this section for handling and firing the weapon: *Provided*, That this requirement shall be waived in the case of a renewal applicant who has previously qualified; and
- 88 (11) That the applicant authorizes the sheriff of the county, 89 or his or her designee, to conduct an investigation relative to the 90 information contained in the application.
- 91 (b) For both initial and renewal applications, the sheriff shall 92 conduct an investigation including a nationwide criminal 93 background check consisting of inquiries of the National Instant

- 94 Criminal Background Check System, the West Virginia criminal
- 95 history record responses and the National Interstate
- 96 Identification Index and shall review the information received in
- 97 order to verify that the information required in subsection (a) of
- 98 this section is true and correct.

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- (c) Sixty dollars of the application fee and any fees for replacement of lost or stolen licenses received by the sheriff shall be deposited by the sheriff into a Concealed Weapons License Administration Fund. The fund shall be administered by the sheriff and shall take the form of an interest-bearing account with any interest earned to be compounded to the fund. Any funds deposited in this Concealed Weapon License Administration Fund are to be expended by the sheriff to pay for the costs associated with issuing concealed weapons licenses. Any surplus in the fund on hand at the end of each fiscal year may be expended for other law-enforcement purposes or operating needs of the sheriff's office, as the sheriff may consider appropriate.
- (d) All persons applying for a license must complete a training course in handling and firing a handgun. The successful completion of any of the following courses fulfills this training requirement:
- (1) Any official National Rifle Association handgun safetyor training course;
- (2) Any handgun safety or training course or class available to the general public offered by an official law-enforcement organization, community college, junior college, college or private or public institution or organization or handgun training school utilizing instructors duly certified by the institution;
- 123 (3) Any handgun training or safety course or class conducted 124 by a handgun instructor certified as such by the state or by the 125 National Rifle Association;

- (4) Any handgun training or safety course or class conducted
 by any branch of the United States Military, Reserve or National
 Guard or proof of other handgun qualification received while
 serving in any branch of the United States Military, Reserve or
 National Guard.
- A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the courses or classes or an affidavit from the instructor, school, club, organization or group that conducted or taught said course or class attesting to the successful completion of the course or class by the applicant or a copy of any document which shows successful completion of the course or class shall constitute evidence of qualification under this section.
 - (e) All concealed weapons license applications must be notarized by a notary public duly licensed under article four, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Falsification of any portion of the application constitutes false swearing and is punishable under the provisions of section two, article five, chapter sixty-one of this code.
 - (f) The sheriff shall issue a license unless he or she determines that the application is incomplete, that it contains statements that are materially false or incorrect or that applicant otherwise does not meet the requirements set forth in this section. The sheriff shall issue, reissue or deny the license within forty-five days after the application is filed if all required background checks authorized by this section are completed.
 - (g) Before any approved license shall be issued or become effective, the applicant shall pay to the sheriff a fee in the amount of \$25 which the sheriff shall forward to the Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police within thirty days of receipt. The license shall be valid for five years throughout the state, unless sooner revoked.
- (h) Each license shall contain the full name and address ofthe licensee and a space upon which the signature of the licensee

- shall be signed with pen and ink. The issuing sheriff shall sign and attach his or her seal to all license cards. The sheriff shall provide to each new licensee a duplicate license card, in size similar to other state identification cards and licenses, suitable for carrying in a wallet, and the license card is considered a license for the purposes of this section.
- (i) The Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police shall prepare uniform applications for licenses and license cards showing that the license has been granted and shall do any other act required to be done to protect the state and see to the enforcement of this section.
- 170 (j) If an application is denied, the specific reasons for the 171 denial shall be stated by the sheriff denying the application. Any 172 person denied a license may file, in the circuit court of the 173 county in which the application was made, a petition seeking 174 review of the denial. The petition shall be filed within thirty days 175 of the denial. The court shall then determine whether the 176 applicant is entitled to the issuance of a license under the criteria 177 set forth in this section. The applicant may be represented by 178 counsel, but in no case may the court be required to appoint 179 counsel for an applicant. The final order of the court shall 180 include the court's findings of fact and conclusions of law. If the 181 final order upholds the denial, the applicant may file an appeal 182 in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure of the 183 Supreme Court of Appeals.
 - (k) If a license is lost or destroyed, the person to whom the license was issued may obtain a duplicate or substitute license for a fee of \$5 by filing a notarized statement with the sheriff indicating that the license has been lost or destroyed.

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(1) Whenever any person after applying for and receiving a concealed handgun license moves from the address named in the application to another county within the state, the license remains valid for the remainder of the five years: *Provided*, That

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- the licensee within twenty days thereafter notifies the sheriff in the new county of residence in writing of the old and new addresses.
- 195 (m) The sheriff shall, immediately after the license is 196 granted as aforesaid, furnish the Superintendent of the West 197 Virginia State Police a certified copy of the approved 198 application. The sheriff shall furnish to the Superintendent of the 199 West Virginia State Police at any time so requested a certified 200 list of all licenses issued in the county. The Superintendent of the 201 West Virginia State Police shall maintain a registry of all 202 persons who have been issued concealed weapons licenses.
- 203 (n) Except when subject to an exception under section six. 204 article seven of this chapter, all licensees must carry with them 205 a state-issued photo identification card with the concealed 206 weapons license whenever the licensee is carrying a concealed 207 weapon. Any licensee who, in violation of this subsection, fails 208 to have in his or her possession a state-issued photo 209 identification card and a current concealed weapons license 210 while carrying a concealed weapon is guilty of a misdemeanor 211 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$50 or 212 more than \$200 for each offense.
 - (o) The sheriff shall deny any application or revoke any existing license upon determination that any of the licensing application requirements established in this section have been violated by the licensee.
- (p) A person who is engaged in the receipt, review or in the issuance or revocation of a concealed weapon license does not incur any civil liability as the result of the lawful performance of his or her duties under this article.
- 221 (q) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this 222 section, with respect to application by a former law-enforcement 223 officer honorably retired from agencies governed by article

- 224 fourteen, chapter seven of this code; article fourteen, chapter
- 225 eight of this code; article two, chapter fifteen of this code; and
- 226 article seven, chapter twenty of this code, an honorably retired
- 227 officer is exempt from payment of fees and costs as otherwise
- 228 required by this section. All other application and background
- 229 check requirements set forth in this shall be applicable to these
- 230 applicants.
- 231 (r) Except as restricted or prohibited by the provisions of this
- 232 article or as otherwise prohibited by law, the issuance of a
- 233 concealed weapon permit issued in accordance with the
- 234 provisions of this section authorizes the holder of the permit to
- 235 carry a concealed pistol or revolver on the lands or waters of this
- 236 state.

§61-7-7. Persons prohibited from possessing firearms; classifications; reinstatement of rights to possess; offenses; penalties.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in this section, no person shall
- 2 possess a firearm, as such is defined in section two of this article.
- 3 who:
- 4 (1) Has been convicted in any court of a crime punishable by
- 5 imprisonment for a term exceeding one year;
- 6 (2) Is habitually addicted to alcohol;
- 7 (3) Is an unlawful user of or habitually addicted to any
- 8 controlled substance;
- 9 (4) Has been adjudicated to be mentally incompetent or who
- 10 has been involuntarily committed to a mental institution pursuant
- It to the provisions of chapter twenty-seven of this code or in
- 12 similar law of another jurisdiction: Provided, That once an
- 13 individual has been adjudicated as a mental defective or
- 14 involuntarily committed to a mental institution, he or she shall
- 15 be duly notified that they are to immediately surrender any

- 16 firearms in their ownership or possession: Provided, however,
- 17 That the mental hygiene commissioner or circuit judge shall first
- 18 make a determination of the appropriate public or private
- 19 individual or entity to act as conservator for the surrendered
- 20 property;
- 21 (5) Is an alien illegally or unlawfully in the United States;
- 22 (6) Has been discharged from the armed forces under 23 dishonorable conditions;
- 24 (7) Is subject to a domestic violence protective order that:
- 25 (A) Was issued after a hearing of which such person
- 26 received actual notice and at which such person had an
- 27 opportunity to participate;
- 28 (B) Restrains such person from harassing, stalking or
- 29 threatening an intimate partner of such person or child of such
- 30 intimate partner or person, or engaging in other conduct that
- 31 would place an intimate partner in reasonable fear of bodily
- 32 injury to the partner or child; and
- 33 (C)(i) Includes a finding that such person represents a
- 34 credible threat to the physical safety of such intimate partner or
- 35 child; or
- 36 (ii) By its terms explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use or
- 37 threatened use of physical force against such intimate partner or
- 38 child that would reasonably be expected to cause bodily injury;
- 39 or
- 40 (8) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor offense of assault
- 41 or battery either under the provisions of section twenty-eight,
- 42 article two of this chapter or the provisions of subsection (b) or
- 43 (c), section nine of said article or a federal or state statute with
- 44 the same essential elements in which the victim was a current or
- 45 former spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner,

46 person with whom the defendant has a child in common, person 47 with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or 48 guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a member of the 49 defendant's household at the time of the offense or has been 50 convicted in any court of any jurisdiction of a comparable 51 misdemeanor crime of domestic violence.

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Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 or confined in the county jail for not less than ninety days nor more than one year, or both.

- 57 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this 58 section, any person:
- (1) Who has been convicted in this state or any other 59 jurisdiction of a felony crime of violence against the person of 60 another or of a felony sexual offense; or
 - (2) Who has been convicted in this state or any other jurisdiction of a felony controlled substance offense involving a Schedule I controlled substance other than marijuana, a Schedule II or a Schedule III controlled substance as such are defined in sections two hundred four, two hundred five and two hundred six, article two, chapter sixty-a of this code and who possesses a firearm as such is defined in section two of this article shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a state correctional facility for not more than five years or fined not more than \$5,000, or both. The provisions of subsection (c) of this section shall not apply to persons convicted of offenses referred to in this subsection or to persons convicted of a violation of this subsection.
 - (c) Any person prohibited from possessing a firearm by the provisions of subsection (a) of this section may petition the circuit court of the county in which he or she resides to regain

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the ability to possess a firearm and if the court finds by clear and 78 79 convincing evidence that the person is competent and capable of 80 exercising the responsibility concomitant with the possession of 81 a firearm, the court may enter an order allowing the person to 82 possess a firearm if such possession would not violate any 83 federal law: Provided, That a person prohibited from possessing 84 a firearm by the provisions of subdivision (4), subsection (a) of 85 this section may petition to regain the ability to possess a firearm 86 in accordance with the provisions of section five, article seven-a 87 of this chapter.

(d) Any person who has been convicted of an offense which disqualifies him or her from possessing a firearm by virtue of a criminal conviction whose conviction was expunged or set aside or who subsequent thereto receives an unconditional pardon for said offense shall not be prohibited from possessing a firearm by the provisions of the section.

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That Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

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Member Chairman, House Committee
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Chairman, S énare Committee House
Originating in the House.
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